09 March 2018

Dear [Name],

Request under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 (the “FOI Act”)

I refer to your email of 11 February 2018 in which you requested information under the FOI Act from NHS Improvement. Since 1 April 2016, Monitor and the NHS Trust Development Authority have been operating as an integrated organisation known as NHS Improvement. For the purposes of this decision, NHS Improvement means Monitor and the TDA.

Your request

You made the following request:

“Please could you provide me with:

a. the 1. total, 2. bank and 3. agency spend, broken down by trust (including ODS code) and by staff group for the last available 12 months.

b. the % of staff who are compliant with their appraisals, i.e. have had an appraisal within the last 12 months, broken down by staff group, for the whole country.

c. the number of posts and the number of vacancies broken down by trust (including ODS code) and by staff group for the last available 12 months. Please also provide a breakdown of UK to overseas trained staff for each trust and staff group.”

Decision

NHS Improvement holds some of the information that you have requested.

NHS Improvement has decided to withhold all of the information that it holds on the basis of the applicability of the exemptions in sections 31, 33 and 43.

We do not hold information in relation to parts b and c of your request. Our Human Resources team only hold data for our own staff; we do not hold national data for the whole country.
NHS Improvement is the operational name for the organisation that brings together Monitor, NHS Trust Development Authority, Patient Safety, the National Reporting and Learning System, the Advancing Change team and the Intensive Support Teams.

It is advised you redirect your request to each trust who may hold the information you seek. Contact details can be found below:

https://www.nhs.uk/servicedirectories/pages/nhstrustlisting.aspx

I confirm we hold the total bank and agency spend broken down by trust but consider it exempt under the sections cited below.

**Section 31 – Law enforcement**

NHS Improvement considers that the withheld information is exempt from disclosure under section 31(1)(g) of the FOI Act which provides that information is exempt information if its disclosure would, or would be likely to, prejudice the exercise by any public authority of its functions for any of the purposes specified in section 31(2).

NHS Improvement considers that section 31(2)(c) is engaged and that disclosure of the information in question would be likely to prejudice the exercise by Monitor and TDA of their functions for the purpose of ascertaining whether circumstances exist which would justify regulatory action in pursuance of an enactment.

The conditions of Monitor’s provider licence enable Monitor to regulate the economy, efficiency and effectiveness of NHS foundation trusts under Chapter 3 of Part 3 of the Health and Social Care Act 2012 (“the 2012 Act”). Monitor will take into account NHS foundation trusts’ inefficient or uneconomic spending practices, including any that relate to agency spending, as a measure of governance and in monitoring NHS foundation trusts’ compliance with the licence.

Section 5 of The National Health Service Trust Development Authority Directions and Revocations and the Revocation of the Imperial College Healthcare National Health Service Trust Directions 2016 (“the 2016 Directions”) provides that the TDA must exercise its functions with the objective of ensuring that English NHS trusts are able to comply with their duty under section 26 of the NHS Act 2006. Section 26 sets out the general duty of NHS trusts to exercise their functions efficiently, economically and effectively – by, for example, establishing and maintaining best practice corporate governance arrangements and financial management standards and effectively implementing systems and processes.

Paragraph 12.2 of the agency rules, published by NHS Improvement in March 2016, makes it clear that NHS Improvement may investigate foundation trusts if there is sufficient evidence to suggest inefficient and/or uneconomical spending (e.g. agency and management consultant spend) which indicates wider governance concerns, and NHS trusts that are not managing their agency spend effectively. Also, trust performance against agency spend is a metric in the Single Oversight Framework which will be monitored on an on-going basis.

NHS Improvement considers that disclosing trust names is likely to prejudice the on-going monitoring by NHS Improvement of providers’ compliance with the rules, which is necessary for NHS Improvement to take into account in any decision of regulatory action needed in respect of a failure to comply with the rules.
NHS Improvement relies on the full and frank information from trusts in order to carry out its functions effectively. NHS Improvement relies on having a safe space in which providers are freely able to share information in the knowledge that the information, or any analysis derived directly from it, will not be disclosed more widely. To disclose that information more widely is likely to have a detrimental impact on the quality and content of exchanges between NHS Improvement and the bodies it collectively regulates and its ability to make effective and fully informed regulatory decisions.

Section 33 – Audit functions

Section 33(1)(b) and 33(2) of the FOI Act provide that information may be exempt from disclosure where disclosure would, or would be likely to, prejudice the exercise of any public authority’s functions in relation to the examination of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which other public authorities use their resources in discharging their functions.

NHS Improvement considers that the withheld information, in so far as it relates to foundation trusts, is exempt under section 33(1)(b) on the basis that Monitor has functions in relation to the examination of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which NHS foundation trusts use their resources, which is likely to be prejudiced by releasing the withheld information. Monitor has these functions by virtue of Monitor’s general duty under section 62(1)(a) of the 2012 Act to protect and promote the interests of health care service users by promoting the provision of services which is economic, efficient and effective and improves the quality of services.

NHS Improvement considers that the withheld information, in so far as it relates to NHS trusts is also exempt under section 33(1)(b) on the basis that the TDA has functions relating to the examination of the economy, efficiency and effectiveness with which NHS trusts use their resources in discharging their functions (as described above), which is likely to be prejudiced by the release of the information that is being withheld.

As noted above, NHS Improvement depends on the free and frank provision of information from trusts without fear of this being shared more widely, and considers (as explained above) that disclosure would be likely to have a detrimental impact on the quality and content of those exchanges in the future if details or any analysis derived from those details was published to the public at large. This would in turn be likely to have a prejudicial impact on the exercise of NHS Improvement’s regulatory functions.

Section 43 – Commercial interests

Section 43(2) of the FOI Act provides that information is exempt if its disclosure would, or would be likely to, prejudice the commercial interests of any person.

The information provided by trusts to NHS Improvement is financial which, by its nature, is commercially sensitive and disclosure of which is highly likely to be detrimental to the trusts’ legitimate commercial interests. For example, parties seeking to negotiate contracts with a provider could use the information relevant to your request to strengthen their own
bargaining position when negotiating for, or providing services to, that trust. In addition, competitors may be able to use such information to their advantage to the detriment of that trust’s legitimate interests. We consider that the information relating to agency spend is commercially sensitive.

Public interest test

Sections 31, 33 and 43 are qualified exemptions and therefore require that a public interest test be carried out to determine whether the exemptions should be maintained. I consider that in relation to the performance of trusts against the agency rules, there is a public interest in transparency. However, I consider that there is a stronger public interest in giving NHS Improvement and providers the space to openly exchange information that relates to NHS Improvement’s functions without disclosing the same to a wider audience and to give the sector the time to address any issues identified without premature disclosure.

Review rights

If you consider that your request for information has not been properly handled or if you are otherwise dissatisfied with the outcome of your request, you can try to resolve this informally with the person who dealt with your request. If you remain dissatisfied, you may seek an internal review within NHS Improvement of the issue or the decision. A senior member of NHS Improvement’s staff, who has not previously been involved with your request, will undertake that review.

If you are dissatisfied with the outcome of any internal review, you may complain to the Information Commissioner for a decision on whether your request for information has been dealt with in accordance with the FOI Act.

A request for an internal review should be submitted in writing to FOI Request Reviews, NHS Improvement, Wellington House, 133-155 Waterloo Road, London SE1 8UG or by email to nhsi.foi@nhs.net.

Publication

Please note that this letter will shortly be published on our website. This is because information disclosed in accordance with the FOI Act is disclosed to the public at large. We will, of course, remove your personal information (e.g. your name and contact details) from the version of the letter published on our website to protect your personal information from general disclosure.

Yours sincerely,
Martin Innes
Senior Operational Agency Data and Intelligence Lead